

ADA Audio Conference Series May 28, 2013

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Listening to the Webinar, continued



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Customize Your View continued



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 - 1. In webinar platform: Send a private chat message to the host by double clicking "Great Lakes ADA" in the participant list. A tab titled "Great Lakes ADA" will appear in the chat panel. Type your comment in the text box and "enter" (Keyboard F6, Arrow up or down to locate "Great Lakes ADA" and select to send a message); or
 - 2. By Email webinars@ada-audio.org; or
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Welcome! Upcoming changes for federal contractors and subcontractors: Hiring and employing people with disabilities Hannah Rudstam Judy Young Employment and Disability Institute Cornell University, 2013 Fig. Cornell University Cornell University 9 Cornell University 9

Disclaimer

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Goals for today...

- 1. The face of talent in your workplace
- 2. What gave rise to these changes
- 3. The stats on people with disabilities and employment
- 4. Quick overview: The upcoming Rehabilitation Act 503 Guidelines
- 5. Quick overview of ADA AA
- 6. Issues in implementation

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- 7. Best practices: Compliance and beyond
- 8. Resources and link





http://autisticadvocacy.org/2012/02/new-proposed-regulations-to-section-503-of-the-rehabilitation-act/

- Good overview of RA 503 Regs
- New regulations to strengthen Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act



















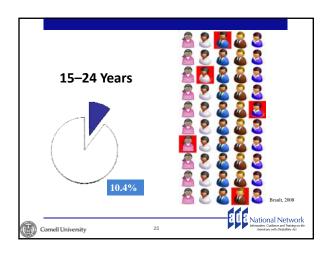


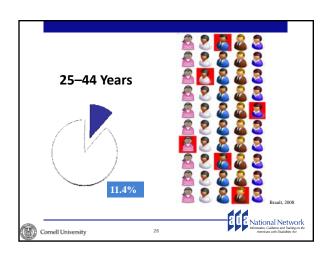


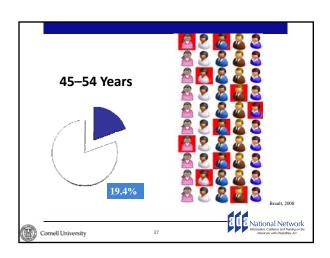


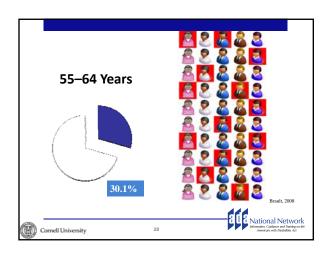


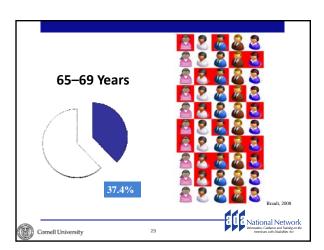












It's about performance! A study* of 314 workplaces found that employees with disabilities: Had the same job performance ratings as employees without disabilities Did not require any more of supervisor's time Were no more likely to be absent, late or have off-work time than any other employee Did not have more workplace accidents Were less likely to leave the job

People with disabilities...



- Have educational levels similar to others (National Organization On Disability/Kessler, 2010)*
- Can be and are held to the same performance standards as any other employee (Office of Disability and Employment Policy)**

tp://www.2010disabilitysurveys.org/pdfs/surveyresults.pdf https://disability.workforce3one.org/view/4011117431659720103/info

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Direct Benefits

- •87%--Accommodation enabled us to retain a valued employee
- •74%-- Increased employee's productivity
- •55%--Increased employee's attendance
- •54%--Saved worker's comp costs

Indirect Benefits

A new study from the

Job Accommodation

Network...



- •69% Improved interactions with co-workers
- •61% Increased overall company morale
- •57%--Improved interactions with customers •41%--Increased overall company attendance
- •42%--Improved workplace safety

Source: Job Accommodation Network (2007) Workplace Accommodations: Low Cost, High Impact. U. S. Department of Labor. Accessed May 3, 2008 at www.jan.wvu.edu/media/LowCostHighImpact.pdf 32

> Various studies have found that reasonable accommodations cost much less than employers expect.

A Job Accommodation Study* found:

- 49% of reasonable accommodations cost nothing
 - 78% cost less than \$500

*McNaughton, Tamie and Beth Loy. Workplace Accommodations: A Small Investment the Job Accommodation Webcast June 12, 23007. Accessed March 31, 2008 at http://b

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Most Common Issues on ADA Charges filed in U.S.: 2008-2010			
Rank	Charge	% of all charges	
1	Discharge	59.14%	
2	Accommodation	29.94%	
3	Terms/Conditions	21.01%	
4	Harassment	16.12%	
5	Discipline	10.51%	
6	Hiring	6.1%	
7	Constructive Discharge	4.23%	

Employment Discrimination Charges Filed with (EEOC) or (FEPA) Most Common Basis for ADA Charges filed in U.S.: 2008-2010				
Rank	Charge	% of all charges		
1	Retaliation	21.26%		
2	Regarded as	12.23%		
3	Back impairment	9.61%		
4	Other orthopedic	7.19%		
5	Depression	6.23%		
6	Record of	5.59%		
7	Diabetes	4.83%		
8	Anxiety disorder	4.37%		
9	Cardio-vascular	3.8%		
10	Bipolar disorder	3.43%		
urce: Calculations by 5. von 5chrader, Cornel University. Employment and Disability Institute, using the EEOC IMS files, 2008-2010. Development of the U.S. also supported by Employment Outcomes Amono Individuals with Disabilitie. Inf13381/2002/17 funded by the U.S.				

Trends in El	OC Charge Data:	Across all EEOC	Categories*
	2000	2005	2012
Total #	79,896	75,428	99,412
Race %	36.2	35.5	33.7
Gender %	31.5	30.6	30.5
National origin %	9.8	10.7	10.9
Religion %	2.4	3.1	3.8
Color %	1.6	1.4	2.7
Retaliation %	27.1	29.5	38.1
etaliation Title VII %	24.7	25.8	31.4
Age %	20.0	22.0	23.0
Disability %	19.9	19.7	26.5
Equal Pay	1.6	1.3	1.1

US Overall Employment Rates (%)			
2008/2011: With vs. Without Disability			
	2008	2011	
Employment W/O	79.9%	75.6%	
Disability	70.070	10.075	
Employment With	39.5%	33.4%	
Disability	33.370	33.470	
Gap	40.4	42.2	
·	40.4	42.2	

	2008	2011
Employment W/O Disability	60.4%	55.5%
Employment With Disability	25.4%	20.7%
Gap	35.0%	34.8%

Poverty Rates (%) US & Puerto Rico 2008/2011: With vs. Without Disability

	2008	2011
Poverty W/O Disability	9.6%	12.4%
Poverty With Disability	25.3%	27.8%
Gap	15.7	15.4

*Adapted from: Erickson, W., Lee, C., & von Schrader, S. (2012). Disability Status Reports: United States and Puerto Rico. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Employment and Disability Institute(EDI). Accessed at http://www.disabilitystatistics.org.

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Disability Laws

Rehabilitation Act
ADA Amendments Act

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About the Rehabilitation Act of 1973



...Prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability in programs conducted by Federal agencies, in programs receiving Federal financial assistance, in Federal employment, and in the employment practices of Federal contractors. The standards for determining employment discrimination under the Rehabilitation Act are the same as those used in title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act

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The Rehabilitation Act

- Passed in 1973
- The ADA largely mirrors the Rehabilitation Act
- Has largely not been enforced when it comes to employment for people with disabilities in federal agencies or contractors

Sections:

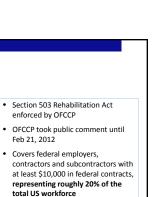
- 501: Applies to federal agencies of the executive branch
- 503: Applies to federal government contractors and subcontractors with contracts of more than \$10,000
- 504: Applies to programs and services getting federal aid or financial assistance such as educational institutions, hospitals and other human service programs
- 508: Applies to accessibility of information technology developed or used by the federal government



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Other legal/policy changes: **Emerging federal** contractor guidelines

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 Increased accountability for disability hiring for federal entities

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telegraphic Guidance and Training on the

Highlights of Requirements* Goals: Might have hiring goals (7%) Data Collection: Contractors must invite applicants and employees to self-identify as having a disability Record-Keeping: Contractors must track number of applicants and new-hires with disabilities Accommodation Requests: Requires written procedures for accommodation requests *For more information, go to ht 45

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Highlights of Requirements* Outreach: Requires the establishment of linkage agreements with national and local organizations

Job Listings: Contractors must list job openings with American Job Centers or other appropriate employment delivery systems

Annual Reviews: Requires contractors to undertake annual reviews of their HR processes

ADAAA Updates: Must update HR processes to incorporate ADA AA changes



*For more information, go to http://www.dol.gov/ofccp/50



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What does this mean to employers?

Heightened accountability:

- Recruiting
- Hiring
- Accommodation
- Termination

Need to build partnerships with disability related entities

Heightened tracking requirements around disability hiring and employment





But I thought we weren't supposed to ask whether applicants or employees have disabilities?

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Employers can make disability inquiries of applicants or employees if the disability inquiry:

- Is needed to comply with a law
- Will be used to benefit people with disabilities in the workforce (e.g. develop programs/policies or evaluate progress in disability inclusiveness)
- Is voluntary (no penalties for not responding)
- Is anonymous and confidential (data must be aggregated such that it cannot be linked to an individual)

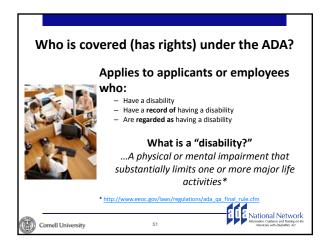








Protects against disability discrimination in all employment processes Limits employer disability inquiry Reasonable accommodation unless there is undue hardship Cornell University Some Employee ADA and Employment (Title I) Protects against disability discrimination in all employment processes Limits employer disability inquiry Reasonable accommodation unless there is undue hardship



What are some recent changes? The ADA Amendments Act (ADAAA)

What gave rise to ADAAA?

- Supreme Court decisions narrowed original disability definition
- The "catch 22" of disability definition



ADAAA has broadened (or re-stored) the definition of disability

Courts now directed to pay more attention to the discrimination event itself and less to whether the person has a disability

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What are some recent changes? The ADA Amendments Act (ADAAA)

Wording of disability definition has not changed



Meaning of the words/phrases have changed

• Illustrative lists

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- · Mitigating measures
- Episodic conditions
- "Regarded as" strengthened





ADAAA: Impairments that easily should be found to be disabilities under the ADA (Non-exhaustive list)

- Deafness
- Blindness
- Use of wheelchair
- Intellectual disability
- Partially or completely missing limbs
- Autism
- Cancer
- Cerebral palsy
- Diabetes

- Epilepsy
- HIV infection
- Multiple sclerosis
- Muscular dystrophy
- Major depressive disorder
- Bipolar disorder
- PTSD
- Obsessive-compulsive disorder
- Schizophrenia

















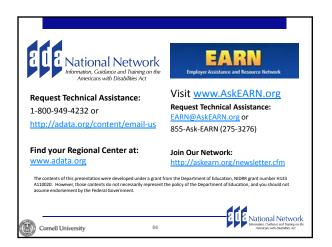














Thank you for participating in today's ADA-Audio Conference Session

The next scheduled session is:

Service Animals in Post Secondary Education Settings

June 18, 2013

Register at: www.ada-audio.org or call 877-232-1990 V/TTY